### PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

## **PCT**

### INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

(Chapter II of the Patent Cooperation Freaty)
| REC'D | 8 JUN 2005

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

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Applicant's or agent's file reference P208746PCT1			FOR FURTHER ACTION See Form PCT/IPEA/416				
International application No.			International filing date (d	lay/month/year)	Priority date (day/month/year)		
PCT/NL2004/000428 16			16.06.2004		17.06.2003		
International Patent Classification (IPC) or national classification and IPC							
C12C	21 <i>/</i> 68, C12N15/11						
Applica							
KEY	GENE N.V. et al.						
1.	<ol> <li>This report is the international preliminary examination report, established by this International Preliminary Examining Authority under Article 35 and transmitted to the applicant according to Article 36.</li> </ol>						
2.	This REPORT con	sists of a total of	6 sheets, including th	is cover sheet.			
1	•		ANNEXES, comprising				
		* •	the International Burea				
	sheets of the description, claims and/or drawings which have been amended and are the basis of this report and/or sheets containing rectifications authorized by this Authority (see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the Administrative Instructions).						
	☐ sheets	which supersed	e earlier sheets, but wh	ich this Authority cor	nsiders contain an amendment that goes		
	beyond the disclosure in the international application as filed, as indicated in item 4 of Box No. I and the Supplemental Box.						
	b. (sent to the International Bureau only) a total of (indicate type and number of electronic carrier(s)), containing a sequence listing and/or tables related thereto, in computer readable form only, as indicated in the Supplemental						
	sequence i Box Relatii	ng to Sequence L	es related thereto, in co Listing (see Section 802	2 of the Administrative	e Instructions).		
			allow to the following it				
4.	i nis report contai	ns indications rel	ating to the following it	ans.			
1		Basis of the opin	ion				
		Priority		nal kaominina dia 1900 ani			
			•	ra to novelty, inventiv	ve step and industrial applicability		
		Lack of unity of i		N with managed to marris	the invention atom or industrial		
	☑ Box No. V	neasoned stater applicability; cita	ment under Article 35(2 tions and explanations	s) with regard to nove supporting such stat	elty, inventive step or industrial tement		
	☐ Box No. VI	Certain docume	nts cited				
	☐ Box No. VII	Certain defects i	n:the international app	lication	$V_{\rm cons} = - \frac{1}{2} \delta_{\mu} C_{\mu\nu}  , \label{eq:V_constraint}$		
	☐ Box No. VIII	Certain observat	tions on the internation	al application			
<u> </u>				D	Saleta mananah		
Date	of submission of the	demand		Date of completion of	rtnis report		
07.01.2005				07.06.2005			
Name and mailing address of the international			al	Authorized Officer	Lag Pata		
prelin	ninary examining aut	hority:			Participan segment		
	<b>3</b> D-80298 M		50 d	Hillenbrand, G			
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## INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

International application No. PCT/NL2004/000428

	Bo	k No. i	Basis of the report						
1.	Wit file	h regard d, unles	d to the <b>language</b> , this report is based on the international application in the language in which it was s otherwise indicated under this item.						
			eport is based on translations from the original language into the following language, is the language of a translation furnished for the purposes of:						
		☐ put	ernational search (under Rules 12.3 and 23.1(b)) Dication of the international application (under Rule 12.4) ernational preliminary examination (under Rules 55.2 and/or 55.3)						
2.	hav	With regard to the <b>elements*</b> of the international application, this report is based on <i>(replacement sheets which</i> have been furnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this report as "originally filed" and are not annexed to this report):							
	Des	cription	a, Pages						
	1-75		as originally filed						
	Cla	ims, Nu	mbers						
	1-30		received on 15.03.2005 with letter of 15.03.2005						
	Dra	wings,	Sheets						
	1-7		as originally filed						
	☒	a sequ	uence listing and/or any related table(s) - see Supplemental Box Relating to Sequence Listing						
3.			mendments have resulted in the cancellation of:						
	,		description, pages claims, Nos.						
			drawings, sheets/figs sequence listing <i>(specify)</i> :						
			y table(s) related to sequence listing (specify):						
4.	□ had Sui	not be	eport has been established as if (some of) the amendments annexed to this report and listed below en made, since they have been considered to go beyond the disclosure as filed, as indicated in the otal Box (Rule 70.2(c)).						
	,	☐ the	description, pages						
			claims, Nos. drawings, sheets/figs						
٠	•		sequence listing (specify): y table(s) related to sequence listing (specify):						
	*	If it	em 4 applies, some or all of these sheets may be marked "superseded."						
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## INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

International application No. PCT/NL2004/000428

Box No. V Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

1. Statement

Novelty (N)

Yes: Claims

No: Claims

1-30

Inventive step (IS)

Yes: Claims

No: Claims

1-30

Industrial applicability (IA)

Yes: Claims

1-30

No: Claims

2. Citations and explanations (Rule 70.7):

see separate sheet

# INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

International application No. PCT/NL2004/000428

_	Sup	ple	mental Box relating to Sequence Listing			
			ion of Box I, item 2:			
1.	. With regard to any nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence disclosed in the international application and necessary to the claimed invention, this report has been established on the basis of:					
a. type of material:						
	1	×	a sequence listing			
	!		table(s) related to the sequence listing			
	b. f	orm	at of material:			
		×	in written format			
		$\boxtimes$	in computer readable form			
	c. time of filing/furnishing:					
			contained in the international application as filed			
			filed together with the international application in computer readable form			
		Ø	furnished subsequently to this Authority for the purposes of search and/or examination			
		Ø	received by this Authority as an amendment on			
2	. 🖾	th ac	addition, in the case that more than one version or copy of a sequence listing and/or table(s) relating ereto has been filed or furnished, the required statements that the information in the subsequent or idditional copies is identical to that in the application as filed or does not go beyond the application as filed appropriate, were furnished.			
3	. Ad	ditic	onal observations, if necessary:			

D1: US-A-5 424 413 (HOGAN JAMES J ET AL) 13 June 1995 (1995-06-13)

#### Re Item V

Reasoned statement with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

Novelty (Article 33.2 PC) and Inventive step (Article 33.3 PCT)

The subject-matter of <u>claims 1-30</u> is not considered novel over **D1**, cited as nearest prior art ( Article 33(2) PCT).

The applicant has incorporated the content of <u>claim 3</u> into <u>claim 1</u> in order to establish novelty over D1. The facultative functional feature that the first and second target sections are capable of being ligated to each other when hybridized to S1 and S2 does, however, not establish novelty over D1. As can be derived from Fig. 4-5 and claim 36 of D1, the two separate target specific regions that hybridize to a target nucleic acid sequence are covalently joined to each other and thus comply with the above mentioned facultative functional requirement. Thus, we maintain our position that D1 is novelty destroying for the subject-matter of claims 1-30. D1 disloses already nucleic acid hybridization probes having at least one nucleic acid strand which has at least two separate target specific regions that hybridize to a target nucleic acid sequence (which can be covalently joined to each other), and at least two distinct arm regions that do not hybridize with the target nucleic acid but possess complementary regions that are capable of hybridizing with one another. These regions are designed such that, under appropriate hybridization conditions, the complementary arm regions will not hybridize to one another in the absence of the target nucleic acid; but, in the presence of target nucleic acid the target-specific regions of the probe will anneal to the target nucleic acid, and the complementary arm regions will anneal to one another, thereby forming a branched nucleic acid structure. Thus, at present it is not visible which defined technical feature(s) could distinguish the pair of oligonucleotide probes/kits as claimed in claims 1-19 and 29-30 and methods of claims 20-27 from the probes/kits and methods described already in D1.

#### INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY (SEPARATE SHEET)

International application No.

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Even if the applicant would establish formal novelty over **D1** (by the incorporation of **true technical features of the claimed pair of oligonucleotides** into claim 1), it is at present not visible which surprising/advantageous properties of the claimed matter could involve an inventive step over the teachings of **D1** (Article 33.3 PCT).

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**EPO - DG 1** 

### Amended <u>Claims</u>

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1. A pair of oligonucleotide probes (K) comprising:



- a) a first oligonucleotide probe (P1) that comprises a first clamp section (C1), that is capable of hybridising to a second clamp section (C2) of a second oligonucleotide probe (P2), and a first target section (T1) that is capable of hybridising to a first section (S1) of a target DNA sequence (D) to be detected;
- b) a second oligonucleotide probe (P2) that comprises a second clamp section (C2), that is capable of hybridising to the first clamp section (C1) of the first oligonucleotide probe (P1), and a second target section (T2) that is capable of hybridising to a second section (S2) of the target DNA sequence (D) to be detected.
- 2. A pair of oligonucleotide probes according to claim 1, wherein the first and second target sections (S1, S2) are located preferably adjacent to each other on the target DNA sequence (D).
- the first and second target sections (T1, T2) are capable of being ligated to each other when hybridised to S1 and S2
  - A pair of oligonucleotide probes according to claim 1, wherein the clamp sections (C1, C2) have melting temperature Tm<sub>c</sub> which is higher than the melting temperature Tm<sub>t</sub> of each of the target sections (T1, T2).
    - A pair of oligonucleotide probes according to claim A, wherein the Tm<sub>c</sub> of the clamp sections C1/C2 is at least 1 °C, preferably 5 °C more preferably 10 °C higher than the highest Tm<sub>t</sub> of the two target sections T1 and T2.
- A pair of oligonucleotide probes according to claim 1-4 wherein the GC content of clamp section ranges from more than 50 to 100%, preferably more than 60%, more preferably more than 70%, most preferably more than 80% and is preferably in the range of 90-100%.

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A pair of oligonucleotide probes according to claim 1-5, wherein the clamp section comprises, at least one, preferably at least one, more preferably at least 2, 3, 4,5 nucleotides selected from the group consisting of G's and C's, more than each of the target sections T1 or T2 of comparable length. A pair of oligonucleotide probes according to claim 1-3, wherein the clamp sections C1 and/or C2 comprises nucleotides that have an increased binding affinity compared to conventional nucleotides.  $\vartheta$ A pair of oligonucleotide probes according to claim 1-8, wherein the clamp section comprises from 10 to 30, preferably from 15 to 25, more preferably from 18 to 24 nucleotides. 9 20. A pair of oligonucleotide probes according to claim , wherein the target sections each independently comprise from 15 to 30 preferably from 20 to 25 nucleotides. XI. A pair of oligonucleotide probes according to claim 1-10, wherein at least one of the oligonucleotide probes contains at least one primer binding site (B1, B2). ı A pair of oligonucleotide probes according to claim 1-10, wherein the 12. oligonucleotide probes contains at least one stuffer sequence (R1, R2). 12 A pair of oligonucleotide probes according to claim 1-10, wherein the 13. target section (T1, T2) contains at least one allele-specific nucleotide. 17 A pair of oligonucleotide probes according to claim 13, wherein the 14. allele-specific nucleotide is located at the end of a target section of the pair of probes. 15 A pair of oligonucleotides according to claim 13 or 14, wherein least J5.

one additional probe (P3) is provided containing a target section (T3) that contains a

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further allele specific nucleotide and wherein the probe (P3) be distinguished from P1 and/or P2.

A pair of oligonucleotides probes according to any of the preceding claims, wherein the first or the second probe comprises a further region that is not capable of annealing to the target nucleic acid sequence, which further region is located at the end of the first or second probe at the position of the junction site between the first and second sections of the target nucleic acid sequence.

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A pair of oligonucleotides probes according to claim 16, wherein the further region is capable of creating a cleavage structure and whereby exposing the cleavage structure to a cleavage agent will result in cleavage of the cleavage structure when the cleavage structure and cleavage agent are incubated under conditions wherein cleavage can occur.

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A group comprising a least two pairs of probes according to any of the claims 1-17.

W 19.

A group according to claim 18, wherein the clamp sections C1 and C2 for each pair of probes are designed such that for each pair the combination of C1 an C2 forms a unique combination within the group such that each probe under given circumstances will selectively hybridise to one other probe in the group.

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Group according to claim 19, wherein C1 and C2 further contain a unique sequence.

70 21.

Method for the detection of a target nucleotide sequence (D) in a sample comprising the steps of:

- providing a pair of oligonucleotide probes (K) as defined in any one of claims 1-17 to the sample;
- allowing the probes to hybridise to the target sequence;
- optionally, providing a cleavage agent and cleaving any cleavage structure;
- ligating T1 and T2 when located adjacently on the target sequence (D); and

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- detecting the presence or absence of any ligation products.
- Method according to claim 21, wherein the ligated probes are amplified prior to detecting.
- Method according to claim 21, wherein the target sequence is amplified prior to hybridisation of the probes.
- Method according to claim 21-23, wherein more than one target nucleotide sequence is present (D1...Dn) in the sample to be analyzed and wherein more than one pair oligonucleotide probes (K1...Kn) are provided, corresponding to D1...Dn.
- Method according to claim 21 wherein the clamp section C1/C2 of each pair of oligonucleotide probes (K1...Kn) contains a unique sequence as defined in claim 19.
- 26. Method according to any of the preceding claims wherein the probes contain a unique sequence.
- Method according to any of the preceding claims wherein detection is based on length, sequence and/or mass.
- Method according to any of the preceding claims wherein the target sequence is selected from the group of DNA, RNA, polyA<sup>+</sup> RNA, cDNA, genomic DNA, organellar DNA such as mitochondrial or chloroplast DNA, synthetic nucleic acids, DNA libraries, clone banks or any selection or combinations thereof.
- Set of at least three oligonucleotides suitable for SNP genotyping, comprising:
  - a) a first oligonucleotide probe (P1) that comprises a first clamp section (C1) that is capable of hybridising to a second clamp section (C2) of a second oligonucleotide

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- probe (P2) and a first target section (T1) that is capable of hybridising to a first section (S1) of a target DNA sequence (D) to be detected;
- b) a second oligonucleotide probe (P2) that comprises a second clamp section (C2) that is capable of hybridising to the first clamp section (C1) of the first oligonucleotide probe (P1) and a second target section (T2) that is capable of hybridising to a second section (S2) of the target DNA sequence (D) to be detected;
- c) at least a third oligonucleotide probe (P3) that comprises the second clamp section (C2) that is capable of hybridising to the first clamp section (C1) of the first oligonucleotide probe (P1) and the second target section (T2) that is capable of hybridising to the second section (S2) of the target DNA sequence (D) to be detected;
- wherein the second probe and the third probe contain an allele-specific nucleotide, preferably located at the end of a target section of the set of probes;
- wherein the allele-specific nucleotide of the second and the third probes corresponds to the alleles of the SNP to be detected;
- wherein the second and the third probes contains a further (stuffer) section that discriminates between the (amplified) ligation products of the first probe with the second probe and the third probe.
- Kit comprising at least one pair of probes as defined in any of the claims 1-17.
- Kit comprising at least one group of probes as defined in any of the claims 18-20.